

OPERATOR'S MANUAL SFP9 | SFP40 PISTOL

Heckler & Koch is the worldwide leading firearms manufacturer of small arms yet remains firmly rooted in at its location in Germany. The company has been a dependable partner for security forces, police and special forces of both NATO and NATO allied states for over 60 years. Heckler & Koch represents highest quality and innovative products.

Furthermore, Heckler & Koch is the only small weapons provider with a comprehensive product range. The product range comprises pistols, sub-machine guns, assault rifles, precision weapons, machine guns, training systems as well as 40mm systems.

As well as an internationally operating company group with a registered office in Oberndorf am Neckar, there are also subsidiaries in the USA, France and Great Britain.

Armed forces and police departments in virtually all free democracies rely on products from Heckler & Koch. We are well aware that this means these soldiers and police officers trust us with their lives and physical well-being. We develop and build the best products for them.

Security – Made by Heckler & Koch.

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Functional elements - left side view

The illustrations on the pages with Roman numerals I and II show the functional elements of the weapon from the left and right sides. Opening these pages simplifies comprehension when reading.



Fig. I: SFP9 | SFP40, left side view

- 1 Slide
- 2 Disassembly lever
- 3 Slide release, left
- 4 Charging support, ambidextrous
- 5 Back strap
- 6 Grip shell, left
- 7 Magazine

- 8 Magazine catch
- 9 Trigger
- 10 Trigger safety
- 11 Picatinny rail
- 12 Follower
- 13 Magazine lips

Functional elements - right side view



The illustrations on the pages with Roman numerals I and II show the functional elements of the weapon from the left and right sides. Opening these pages simplifies comprehension when reading.



Fig. II: SFP9 | SFP40, right side view

- 1 Rear sight
- 2 Slide release, right
- 3 Extractor
- 4 Serial number
- 5 Barrel

- 6 Front sight
- 7 Trigger guard
- 8 Frame
- 9 Grip shell, right
- 10 Mounting point for lanyard



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Part I

Description

1 Using this manual

1.1 Purpose of this manual

The first part of this manual ("Description") describes the design and function of the weapon, and the second part ("Handling") describes the handling of the weapon.

1.2 Target audience for this manual

This manual is intended for persons who are authorised to use this weapon. This manual does not assume extensive technical or weapons-specific knowledge.

1.3 Safety instructions, notes and information

To ensure the greatest possible safety during handling, important information and technical notes are specially highlighted.



1.3.1 Safety instructions and danger levels

Safety instructions are depicted as follows (example):

A DANGER

Risk of death from gunshot wounds!

Accidental discharge of weapon may occur due to external influences when loaded weapon is handled.

- > Do not use the weapon until you have read and understood this manual completely.
- > Follow the safety instructions when handling the weapon.
- > Carry out a safety check before working on the weapon.

The following colours and signal words are used in the safety instructions to indicate various danger levels:

Colour / signal word	Meaning
A DANGER	Direct, imminent danger!
	Non-compliance will lead to death or extremely serious injury.
	Possible imminent danger!
	Non-compliance could lead to death or serious injury.
	Dangerous situation!
	Non-compliance could lead to minor injuries.
NOTICE	Non-compliance could lead to material damage.

1

Using this manual Safety instructions, notes and information 1.3



Symbols used 1.3.2

Symbol	Meaning
0	Supplementary information on the weapon, on practical hand- ling of the weapon or on using this manual.
1. / 1.	Call to perform an action in a sequence of actions: Here you have to do something!
>	Stand-alone call to perform an action or call to perform an ac- tion in a safety instructions: Here you have to do something!
	Cross reference between individual sections: Open to the relev- ant page and follow the section described there!
•	Bullet point
\checkmark	Call to perform an action properly implemented. The check was successful.
×	Call to perform an action improperly implemented.
	The check was not successful: Follow the specified call to per- form an action!
click!	Here something engages.
	Here you have to observe something.

1.3.3 Conventions for illustrations



Details in illustrations and drawings may vary from your weapon, depending on the model.

The information "right", "left", "front" and "rear" applies to the position of the weapon as seen in the direction of fire.

Illustrations and their constituent elements are identified as follows:

- Components relevant to the action are highlighted in blue. Where necessary the components are marked with numbers and identified in a legend.
- Motions are indicated by orange-coloured arrows.
- Calls to perform an action are indicated by upper-case letters enclosed in circles.



Fig. 1: Example of an illustration

- 1 Hearing protection
- 2 Safety goggles

1.3.4 Conventions for cross references

Cross references represent relationships between the text and an illustration or an individual section.

- Cross references between text and illustrations are in *italics* and enclosed in (brackets), e.g. (*Fig.* 1).
- Cross reference between individual sections are marked with the symbol ► (*Fig. 2*).



Fig. 2: Example of a cross reference between sections

2 Safety instructions

2.1 Fundamental safety instructions

The weapon has been designed, manufactured and proofed according to the latest technical knowledge and the recognised safety rules. Nevertheless, use of the weapon may result in injury or death of the user and third parties, or damage to the weapon and other material property.

Please inform yourself with regard to the current edition of the safety instructions via www.heckler-koch.com.

- > Follow all of the instructions in this operator's manual. Non-compliance may result in injury or death.
- > Never handle the weapon if you are tired, feeling unwell, or when you have previously consumed alcohol, drugs or any types of medicines.
- > Always follow the instructions provided by their respective manufacturers when using accessories and ammunition.
- > Always follow the safety data sheets and details or instructions from the respective manufacturers when using hazardous materials, such as e.g. oils, lubricants and cleaning agents.
- > Always follow all valid provisions for handling weapons, accessories and ammunition.
- > Always follow all valid provisions for handling hazardous materials, such as e.g. oils, lubricants and cleaning agents.

2.2 The operator's manual as an integral component of the safety concept



The operator's manual is an integral component of the weapon.

- > Do not use the weapon until you have read and understood this operator's manual completely.
- Always adhere to the stated sequence for handling stages in the operator's manual.
- > Keep the operator's manual for the entire service life of the weapon.
- > Please inform yourself with regard to the current edition of the operator's manual, safety instructions and any relevant supplements via www.heckler-koch.com.
- > If you receive any supplements or amendments, be sure to add them to the operator's manual.
- > Always pass the operator's manual and the enclosed supplements on to any subsequent operator or owner.

2.3 Safety instructions for handling the weapon

- > Special care must be taken when handling firearms, because the position and direction of the weapon can be changed very easily.
- > Use the weapon only for its intended purpose. Do not use the weapon as a club, hammer, pry bar, etc. Using the weapon for other than its intended purpose may result in accidental discharge of weapon or damage to the weapon.
- > Until you have performed a safety check, treat the weapon as if it was loaded and the safety released.
- > Use the weapon only if it is in perfect technical condition.
- > Do not play with the weapon.

2.3.1 Handling

- > Never point the weapon at people when handling or practising with it.
- Make sure that the weapon is always unloaded when it is handled for purposes other than loading or firing.
- > Do not touch the trigger when loading, unloading, aiming, disengaging the safety or handling the weapon in any other way.
- > Always place your trigger finger on the outside of the trigger guard.
- > Do not use excessive force when handling, disassembling, cleaning and assembling the weapon.



2.3.2 Safety features

- > Do not rely on safety features. Safety features are no substitute for careful, correct handling of the weapon.
- > For weapons with safety lever, make sure that the safety lever is always clicked to the "Safe" position.

2.3.3 Malfunctions and unusual encumbrances



Users are strictly prohibited from troubleshooting faults that go beyond the scope of this manual! Only authorised specialists may rectify faults in the weapon.

- > Always treat the weapon as if it were loaded in the event of a malfunction.
- > Immediately rectify any faults that compromise safety.
- > Exposure to exceptional stresses such as when the weapon is banged or dropped can have a negative effect on safety. After exceptional stresses, have the weapon inspected by the manufacturer or trained firearms personnel.

2.3.4 Handing over the weapon

- > Do not entrust the weapon to anyone who has not comprehensively read and completely understood this operator's manual.
- > Do not entrust the weapon to anyone who is not entitled to possess the weapon. Observe applicable regulations.
- > Never handover or receive the weapon unless it is unloaded and the slide is in the open position.
- Handing over and receiving military small firearms: Never handover or receive the weapon unless it is unloaded and the slide is in the open position. The weapon must be unloaded and the barrel must be in the open position in the case of launching devices. The weapon must be unloaded, the cover, the feed tray and the slide must be in the open position in the case of machine guns. The weapon must be unloaded, the cover and the slide must be in the open position in the case of automatic grenade launchers.

2.3.5 Storage, transport and disposal

- > Store weapon and ammunition separately. Be sure to prevent access to the weapon and ammunition by unauthorised persons, especially children.
- > Always follow the applicable provisions for the transport and shipping of weapons and ammunition.

> Always follow the applicable provisions for destroying and disposal of weapons and ammunition.

2.3.6 Additional information

- > Always prevent dry firing of the hammer with weapons with a hammer sidelock. Dry firing of the hammer can lead to premature wear.
- Always prevent dry firing of the firing pin with weapons with a firing pin hammer. Dry firing of the firing pin can lead to premature wear.
- Always prevent snapping forward of the bolt group with rapid firing weapons such as e.g. machine guns. Snapping forwards of the bolt group can lead to premature wear.

2.4 Safety instructions for firing

- > Wear hearing protection when firing.
- > Wear safety goggles when firing.
- > Keep the muzzle area clear when firing.
- > Wear protective gloves when touching the barrel or parts which heat up during firing after firing.
- > Use only properly loaded, undamaged cartridges of the correct calibre.
- > Do not shoot at doors, panes of glass, walls, concrete, stone, or smooth surfaces (including water). A bullet can penetrate these objects or be deflected in an unsafe direction.
- > Pull the trigger only if the weapon is pointing at the target and the area behind the target is not endangered.
- > The trigger must be pulled back completely when firing. The trigger must be released completely and return to the forward position after every shot when firing in rapid succession.
- > Only actuate the trigger after you have snapped the safety lever into the desired firing selection position.
- > Keep your hands out of the slide when firing.

2.5 Safety instructions for utilising accessories and ammunition

- > Inspect the attachments mounted on the weapon for secure seating before firing and at regular intervals.
- > Use only properly loaded, undamaged cartridges of the correct calibre.
- Only mount attachments on the Picatinny rail when their weight does not exceed a maximum of 160 g. Mounting heavier attachments will impair safe functioning and may damage the weapon.
- > Only use ammunition which corresponds to the specifications of the C.I.P. or SAAMI standardisation organisations.
- > Do not use +P+ ammunition. Excessive gas pressure cause increased wear and can damage the weapon.

2.6 Safety instructions for drop safety



Drop safety is affected by many factors, such as: fall height, fall angle, ground, type and frequency of impact, handling and treatment of the weapon, loading and safety status of the weapon, accessories and equipment configuration of the weapon and the ammunition used. Regardless of the weapon's manufacturer or model, absolute drop safety is not possible and can only be checked based on defined test parameters.

- > Make sure that the weapon is always unloaded when it is handled for purposes other than loading or firing.
- > Use a carrying sling / securing belt in order to prevent the weapon from falling and striking the ground.
- Always ensure, with weapons with a safety lever, that the safety lever is in the desired firing selection position immediately before firing.
- > Set the safety lever to the "Safe" position during every pause in firing.

2.7 Exclusion of liability and warranty

Heckler & Koch GmbH accepts no liability and provides no warranty for incidents arising from:

- non-compliance with this manual,
- incorrect handling of the weapon,
- negligence,
- improper use,
- use of +P+ ammunition,
- modifications, attachments to or conversion of the weapon without the express written consent of Heckler & Koch GmbH, or
- use of accessories or spare parts from other manufacturers without the express written consent of Heckler & Koch GmbH.



3 Description of the weapon

The modern SFP (Strike Fire Pistol) is a fully pre-cocked system with single-action trigger and is available as the SFP9 in calibre 9 mm x 19 and as the SFP40 in calibre .40 S&W.

The pistol's standard features include unique characteristics and innovative details. Patented charging supports in the rear slide area, enabling a secure grip to prevent injuries when cocking the weapon.

The disassembly process requires no tools and guides the user through a mandatory course of action, offering maximum safety to prevent accidents. The weapon cannot be disassembled unless the magazine has been removed. Unlike comparable models of pistols, the weapon automatically decocks itself when disassembled. In addition, the trigger need not be pulled before disassembly.





The magazine and ergonomics concept of the P30 were transferred to the new series of pistols. Interchangeable back straps and grip shells also provide this model with various combination options for individual grip shape.

Its excellent trigger characteristics promote maximum accuracy during rapid fire sequences. It is based on a well-balanced relationship between hand position, light trigger pull and short trigger travel and reset.

All SFP pistols are optionally available with "TR" trigger according to the "Pistols in Calibre 9 mm x 19" Technical Specifications or with a short SF "Special Forces" trigger.

The SFP family of pistols offers versatile equipment and individualisation options which can be selected depending on mission requirements or the shooter's preferences.

The SFP series of pistols uses magazines from the HK P30 pistol model. This eliminates extra logistical considerations for units using a mixture of SFP9 and P30 pistols.

3.1 Intended use

The SFP9 | SFP40 pistol is a hand-gun for engaging targets at a range of up to 50 m.

JIK 3 D 3.2 A

3.2 Assembly groups



Fig. 4: Assembly groups

- 1 Slide
- 2 Barrel
- 3 Recoil spring

- 4 Frame
- 5 Magazine

3.3 Safety features

3.3.1 Trigger safety

The trigger safety prevents the trigger from being released accidentally if the weapon is dropped, for instance. The trigger safety blocks the trigger and thus prevents the cocked firing pin from being released. Only when the trigger safety is squeezed completely does the trigger safety release the trigger.



Fig. 5: Trigger safety

3.3.2 Firing pin safety

The firing pin safety prevents the firing pin from being able to strike the cartridge primer in the event of an accidental discharge, for instance if the weapon is dropped. The firing pin remains blocked until the trigger is pulled.



Fig. 6: Firing pin safety

3.3.3 **Disassembly safety**

3

The disassembly safety mechanism prevents a cartridge from being in the chamber while the weapon is being disassembled. The disassembly lever is blocked by the magazine and slide. The disassembly lever cannot be operated until the magazine is removed and the slide is locked. Removing the magazine ensures that a cartridge cannot be fed into the chamber. If there is a cartridge in the chamber, the cartridge will be ejected when the slide is pulled back. Consequently there can be no round in the chamber when the weapon is disassembled into assembly groups. The firing pin is not cocked when the slide is being disassembled and the trigger must not be pulled.



Fig. 7: Disassembly safety

Operator safety 3.3.4

The operator safety ensures that the weapon cannot be fired until the slide is in the locked position. If the slide is in an unlocked position, the disconnector breaks the connection between trigger bar and firing pin. The disconnector does not release the trigger bar until the slide is in a locked position.



Fig. 8: Operator safety



3.3.5 Loaded chamber indicator

The red marking on the extractor indicates whether or not there is a cartridge in the chamber.



Fig. 9: Loaded chamber indicator

3.3.6 Firing pin cocking indicator

The red marking on the back of the firing pin indicates whether or not the firing pin is cocked.



Fig. 10: Firing pin cocking indicator

3.3.7 Safety lever

The safety lever prevents accidental actuation of the trigger. In the "S" position (*Fig. 11*) the trigger is blocked. Only when the safety lever is clicked to the "F" position (*Fig. 12*) the trigger can be pulled.



Fig. 11: "S" position



Fig. 12: "F" position

4 Variants

4.1 Description of the features

4.1.1 Features for the product groups

Illustration	Feature	Information
9 mm	9 mm x 19 cal- ibre	The variants called SFP9 are available in 9 x 19 mm calibre. The special 9 mm x 21 calibre is possible.
.40 S&W	.40 S&W calibre	The variants called SFP40 are available in .40 S&W calibre.



4.1.2 Features for the variants

Illustration	Feature	Information
TR	TR trigger	The trigger pull, trigger travel and return travel of the TR trigger variant conform to the requirements of the Technical Specification for Pistols of the German po- lice.
SF	SF trigger	The SF (Special Forces) trigger variant has a lighter trigger pull and shorter trigger travel and return travel in comparison with the trigger variant TR.
silencer	Silencer	The barrel has an interface for mounting a silencer. The sights are adapted for the use of a silencer.
OR	Mount for red dot sight	The slide is equipped with an interface for mounting a red dot sight. A cover plate is mounted as stand- ard.
compact	Subcompact	This variant has a smaller frame, a shorter barrel and a shorter slide.
long- slide	Long-Slide	This variant has a longer slide and longer barrel.
safety	Safety lever	The frame has an ambidextrous safety lever to safe the weapon manually.
maritim	Special coating	The weapon has a special coating for maritime use.

4.1.3 Optional features



The features described in this section are available for all variants.

Illustration	Feature	Information
TR / SF	Trigger variant	The weapon is available with a TR trigger or SF trig- ger.
	Colour	The standard colour of the weapon is black. Other colours such as RAL8000 - green brown are possible.
•)))	Transponder	As an option the frame may contain a transponder for recording weapon-specific data.
	Charging sup- ports	The charging supports can be personalized. Multiple sizes are available.
	Grip shells / back strap	The grip can be personalized. The size L of the back straps and grip shells is supplied as standard. Other sizes are available.
	Magazine catch	The ambidextrous magazine catch is available as rocker or push button. The push button can be switched for use by right-handed or left-handed shooters.
	Push Button	The Push Button magazine catch can be individually adjusted. Numerous dimensions are available.
	Sights	The standard sights consist of a rectangular rear notch and a post front sight with self-illuminating contrast dots. Further variants are possible, such as an adjustable rectangular rear notch without con- trast points.



4.2 SFP9-TR – "Technical Specifications"

<image>

Police version certified in accordance with the Technical Specifications (TR).

4.3 SFP9-SF | SFP40-SF - "Special Forces"

"Special Forces" version with reduced trigger pull as well as shorter trigger and return travel compared to the TR version.





4.4 SFP9 S | SFP40 S - "Safety"

"Safety" version with ambidextrous safety lever for manually setting the weapon to safety.



4.5 SFP9 SD | SFP40 SD – "Silencer"

"Silencer"-version with threaded barrel and match sights for silencer application.





4.6 SFP9 SK | SFP40 SK – "Sub-Compact"

"Subcompact" version with small frame, short barrel and short slide. Suitable for concealed carrying method. 10, 13 or 15 cartridge magazine available.



4.7 SFP9 L – "Long Slide"

"Long Slide" versions with longer barrel (127 mm / 5") and longer slide. The 5" barrel and long sight radius enable optimal accuracy.



4.8 SFP9 OR | SFP40 OR – "Optical Ready"

"Optical Ready" version with interface for mounting a red dot sight. A cover plate is mounted as a standard feature. Various adapter plates are available for mounting conventional compact sights.



Red dot sight		Adapter plate
Burris FastFire 2	01	
Burris FastFire 3	01	
C-More STS 2	03	
Docter Sight III	01	
Insight MRDS	01	
Leupold DeltaPoint Pro	04	
Meopta MeoSight III	01	
Trijicon RMR	02	
Vortex Venom	05	
Vortex Viper	05	



4.9 SFP9 M | SFP40 M – "Maritim"

"Maritime" version with special coating for maritime missions.

- Special saltwater-resistant coating (weapon fully useable according to the NATO salt spray test and NATO long-term saltwater test as per AC225 requirements).
- Maritime corrosion protection.
- Parts fully compatible for exchanging with non-maritime SFP models.



4.10 Technical data

4.10.1 Dimensions [mm]

SFP9 / SFP40	SK	TR	SF	Μ	S	OR	SD	L
Length	168	186		186	186	202	209	
Width 33 33		40	33	33	33			
Height	116		138		138	138	138	138
Barrel length	86		104		104	104	119	127
Sight radius	145		162		162	162	162	183

4.10.2 Weights [g]

SFP9 / SFP40	SK	TR	SF	Μ	S	OR	SD	L
SFP9 with magazine	687		710		719	723	719	760
SFP40 with magazine	744		820		829	833	829	
Magazine, empty	75		93		93	93	93	93

4.10.3 Other data

SFP9 / SFP40		SK	TR	SF	Μ	S	OR	SD	L
$v_0 [m/s]$	9 mm ₁	345	360		360	360	375	385	
	.40 S&W ₂	285		295			295	310	
E _o [J]	9 mm ₁	480		518		518	518	562	590
	.40 S&W ₂	471		505		505	505	560	

 $_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ RUAG Ammotec (SX) Sintox Standard ammunition, calibre 9 mm x 19

₂ Remington UMC 180 gr. ammunition, .40 S&W calibre


5 Cleaning kit and auxiliary materials

5.1 Cleaning kit



The cleaning kit is not included in the standard scope of supply for the weapon. The cleaning kit can be ordered from Heckler & Koch using the Ident.-No. shown.



Fig. 13: Cleaning kit (Ident.-No. 988426)

- 1 Container for cleaning kit
- 2 Handle rod
- 3 Extension rod
- 4 Oil bottle

- 5 Pull-through holder
- 6 Wool pull through
- 7 Oil brush
- 8 Barrel cleaning brush

5.2 Auxiliary materials



Auxiliary materials are available from specialist dealers.

Required auxiliary materials are listed at the beginning of each section.

The following auxiliary materials are required in this manual:

- Ø 2.8 mm pin punch (Ident.-No. 957312)
- Tool for Push Button (only with versions with Push Button magazine catch)
- Adjustment tool
- 2.5 mm Allen key
- Tool made of unhardened steel
- Hammer, 200 g (Ident.-No. 957416)
- Grease
- Low-temperature oil (MIL-L-14107), e.g. 0-157
- Oil (MIL-L-46000), e.g. S-761 or O-158
- Oil paper
- Cleaning rag
- Cleaning pull-throughs

Part II

Handling

6 Checks

6.1 Carry out safety check

Successful completion of a safety check verifies that there is no ammunition in the weapon. The safety check is especially important when giving or takeing a weapon and when you are unsure whether or not a weapon is loaded.

- 1. **•** Remove the magazine.
- 2. ► Lock slide.
- Look into the chamber (*Fig. 14*). There must not be a cartridge in the chamber. If there is a cartridge in the chamber, then a fault is present. ► Faults: Causes and remedies.
- 4. ► Let slide snap forwards.
- 5. For variants with safety lever, click safety lever to the "S" position.



Fig. 14: Look into the chamber

6.2 Carry out a function check



Successful completion of a function check verifies that the weapon is functional. The function check is especially important after assembly of the weapon and after rectification of faults.

- 1. ► Carry out a safety check.
- 2. Insert empty magazine into the weapon until the magazine catch engages.
- 3. Verify that magazine is firmly seated.
- 4. Pull slide all the way back. The slide release holds the slide in the open position.
- 5. Let slide snap forwards. The firing pin was cocked.
- 6. ► Remove the magazine.
- 7. Pull trigger. The firing pin is released. For variants with safety lever: The firing pin is not released.
- 8. Click safety lever to the "F" position.
- 9. Pull trigger. The firing pin is released.
- 10. Click safety lever to the "S" position.



6.3 Inspect shaped spring for trigger bar



The successful execution of a function check verifies that the weapon is functional. Inspecting the shaped spring is particularly necessary after cleaning and assembling the weapon.

- 1. ► Carry out a safety check.
- 2. Pull bolt group to the rear and hold it.
- 3. Let bolt group snap forwards. The firing pin is cocked.
- 4. For versions with safety lever Click safety lever to the "F" position.
- 5. Pull trigger.



X

The firing pin is released. The red marking on the firing pin is no longer visible through the window in the slide plate.

The firing pin is not released. The red marking on the firing pin is visible through the window in the slide plate.

1. Send weapon in for repair.



Fig. 15: Firing pin cocking indicator

7 **Preparations**

7.1 Lock slide and let slide snap forwards

7.1.1 Lock slide

- 1. Pull slide all the way back and hold it there (*Fig. 16*).
- 2. Press slide release upwards to lock slide (*Fig. 16*).



Fig. 16: Lock slide

7.1.2 Let slide snap forwards

A CAUTION

Risk of injury when the slide snaps forwards!

The slide snaps forwards when slide release is pushed.

- > Do not reach into the path of the slide.
- Press slide release downwards (*Fig. 17*). The slide snaps forwards.



Fig. 17: Press slide release downwards

7.2 Adjust frame to hand

0

The exchangeable back straps and grip shells allow an ergonomically optimal hand position for any hand size. To adjust the frame, the grip shells and the back strap that do not fit have to be removed and grip shells and a back strap that fit installed.



Fig. 18: Back strap and grip shells

- 1 Grip shell
- 2 Back strap
- 3 Camping sleeve for back strap
- 4 Guides on frame

7.2.1 Disassemble grip shells and back strap

Required auxiliary materials:

- Ø 2.8 mm pin punch
- Hammer
- 1. Extract clamping sleeve for back strap using pin punch (*Fig. 19*).
- 2. Push back strap downwards and remove.
- 3. Push left grip shell and right grip shell to the rear and remove.



Fig. 19: Drive out clamping sleeve for back strap

7.2.2 Assemble grip shells and back strap

Required auxiliary materials:

- Ø 2.8 mm pin punch
- Hammer

NOTICE

Risk of damage to polymer guides!

Use of excessive force when assembling grip shells and back strap can damage the polymer guides.

- > Push grip shells forward into polymer guides on frame.
- > Do not use excessive force when assembling the grip shells and back strap.



Improperly assembled grip shells can cause malfunctions. Make sure after assembling the grip shells that there is no gap between frame and grip shell.

- 1. Slide grip shells into the plastic guides of the frame from rear to front (*Fig. 20*).
- 2. Place back strap from the rear onto the guides on the frame and push upwards.
- 3. Drive in clamping sleeve for back strap using pin punch.



Fig. 20: Slide grip shells into guides

7.3 Attach lanyard



A lanyard can be attached to the frame. The lanyard connects the weapon to the shooter and secures the weapon to prevent it from being lost, falling and striking the ground.

Required auxiliary materials:

- Ø 2.8 mm pin punch
- Hammer
- 1. Driving out clamping sleeve for back strap (*Fig. 21*).
- 2. Insert the mounting for the lanyard (*Fig. 22*).
- 3. Drive in clamping sleeve for back strap (*Fig. 22*).
- 4. Secure the lanyard on the mounting.



Fig. 21: Driving out clamping sleeve for back strap



Fig. 22: Insert the mounting for the lanyard

1 Mounting for the lanyard (Ident.-No. 250729)

7.4 Convert Push-Button - magazine catch

0

The exchangeable Push-Button enables an ergonomically optimal operation of the magazine catch. The Push-Button is available in various sizes.

0

Heckler and Koch recommends using the tool for the Push-Button for converting the magazine catch.



Fig. 23: Tool for Push-Button (Ident.-No. 253579)

NOTICE

Risk caused by inadvertent actuation of the magazine catch!

Due to the firing position and utilising a Push-Button which is too large, the magazine catch can be inadvertently actuated when shooting.

- > Always inspect before firing for whether the Push-Button is coordinated for your firing position.
- > Utilise a smaller Push-Button dimension when necessary.

Required auxiliary materials:

- Tool for Push-Button
- 1. ► Disassemble weapon.
- 2. Push the latching clip in the pistol grip forwards with the tool and then push the magazine catch upwards (*Fig. 24*). The magazine catch latches in.
- 3. Remove Push-Button (*Fig. 24*).
- 4. Convert Push-Button (*Fig. 25*).
- 5. Insert Push-Button (*Fig. 25*).
- 6. Press the detent piece on the magazine catch with the tool and hold it down (*Fig. 26*).
- 7. Push the magazine catch downwards until the magazine catch latches (*Fig. 26*).
- 8. Assemble the weapon.













Fig. 26: Latch in the magazine catch

7.5 Remove and insert front sight

Required auxiliary materials:

- Hammer
- Tool made of unhardened steel
- 1. Remove front sight with tool (*Fig. 27*).
- 2. Insert front sight with tool.



Fig. 27: Remove front sight

7.6 Remove and insert rear sight

Required auxiliary materials:

- Hammer
- Tool made of unhardened steel
- 1. Remove rear sight with tool (*Fig. 28*).
- 2. Insert rear sight with tool.



Fig. 28: Remove rear sight

7.7 Change charging supports



The charging supports allow ergonomically optimal operation of the slide. The charging supports come in various sizes.

- 1. ► Remove rear sight.
- 2. Remove charging supports (*Fig. 29*).
- 3. Insert other charging supports.
- 4. ► Insert rear sight.



Fig. 29: Remove charging supports

7.8 Utilise insert barrel



The insert barrel brakes the firing pin with misfiring and indicates that there is no cartridge located in the chamber.

- 1. ► Disassemble weapon.
- 2. Push the insert barrel into the barrel.
- 3. Assemble the weapon.



Fig. 30: Insert barrel

- 1 Insert barrel (Ident.-No. 253596)
- 2 Firing pin brake



7.9 Use red-dot sight with OR variants



Observe the operator's manual specifications from the respective manufacturer.

7.9.1 Remove cover plate

Required auxiliary materials:

- 2.5 mm Allen key
- 1. Loosen screws and remove (*Fig. 31*).
- 2. Remove cover plate.



Fig. 31: Loosen screws

7.9.2 Insert cover plate

Required auxiliary materials:

- 2.5 mm Allen key
- 1. Insert cover plate in slide.
- 2. Insert screws in cover plate.



Observe the torque when tightening the screws.

3. Tightening the screws (*Fig. 32*).



Fig. 32: Tightening the screws



7.9.3 Assemble the adapter plate and the red dot sight

Required auxiliary materials:

• 2.5 mm Allen key



Use suitable screws (M4 x 8) of quality class 12.9 with screw locking to secure the adapter plate. The screws can be ordered from Heckler & Koch using the Ident.-No. 947116.



Observe the torque when tightening the screws.

- 1. **•** Remove cover plate.
- 2. Place suitable adapter plate on mounting for adapter plate.
- 3. Insert screws in adapter plate.
- 4. Tightening the screws (*Fig. 34*).
- 5. Place red dot sight on the adapter plate.
- 6. Insert screws in the red dot sight.
- 7. Tightening the screws



Fig. 33: Adapter plate

- 1 Screws M4 x 8 mm (2x)
- 2 Adapter plate
- 3 Mounting for adapter plate



Fig. 34: Tightening the screws

7.10 Adjust rear sight



The position of point of impact also depends on the ammunition. Use of different types of ammunition can change the elevation and windage of the position of point of impact. The sights can be adjusted to correct the changed position of point of impact.

7.10.1 Adjust adjustable rear sight

Required auxiliary materials:

• Adjustment tool

Position of point of impact	Corrective measures	Information
***	 Turn elevation adjustment screw clock- wise with adjustment tool (<i>Fig. 35</i>). 	Turning by a quarter revolution changes the point of impact by approx. 4.5 cm at a range of 25 m.
	 Turn elevation adjustment screw anti- clockwise with adjustment tool (<i>Fig. 35</i>). 	
***	• Turn windage adjustment screw clock- wise with adjustment tool (<i>Fig. 36</i>).	Turning by a half re- volution changes the point of impact by approx. 3 cm at a range of 25 m.
***	 Turn windage adjustment screw anti- clockwise with adjustment tool (<i>Fig. 36</i>). 	





Fig. 35: Turn elevation adjustment screw

Fig. 36: Turn windage adjustment screw

Required auxiliary materials:

Hammer

7.10.2 Adjust standard sights

0

There are numerous front sight heights and two sight heights available. The height of the front sight is engraved on the underside of the front sight. The sight with the larger sight height is identified with a round mark on the top side.

Tool made of unhardened steel



Fig. 37: Component marking for the sights

Position of the im- pact point	Corrective measures	Information
	 ▶ Remove front sight or rear sight. Insert front sights with larger sight heights or rear sights with lower sight heights with tool. 	Changing the front sight height / rear sight height by 0.2 mm changes the position of the point of impact by approx. 3 cm to 25 m the distance to the tar- get.
	 ▶ Remove front sight or rear sight. Insert front sights with lower sight heights or rear sights with larger sight heights with tool. 	
***	 Shift rear sight to the right using the tool (<i>Fig. 38</i>). If necessary, also shift the front sight to the left (<i>Fig. 39</i>). 	rear sight or front sight by 0.2 mm changes the posi- tion of the point of
***	 Shift rear sight to the left using the tool (<i>Fig. 38</i>). If necessary, also shift the front sight to the right (<i>Fig. 39</i>). 	



Fig. 38: Shift rear sight laterally



Fig. 39: Shifting the front sight laterally

7.11 Using the weapon with a silencer



Observe the operator's manual specifications from the respective manufacturer.

Firing with a silencer places greater stress on the weapon and thus contributes to faster wear and heavier fouling. If the weapon is used with a silencer, the weapon and silencer must be cleaned and lubricated more heavily at intervals of 120 rounds.



The silencer may loosen itself depending on the silencer version and the total of rounds fired. Inspect the silencer for secure seating before firing and at regular intervals.

A CAUTION

Risk of injury from hot silencer!

The silencer heats up during firing.

- > Let silencer cool off for at least 15 minutes after firing.
- > Wear protective gloves when touching the silencer after firing.



The barrel has a standard M13.5 x 1 LH thread on the muzzle for mounting a silencer.

- 1. Insert silencer
- 2. Remove the silencer after firing with a silencer.
- 3. Clean silencer.

7.12 Fill the magazine



The contents of the magazine can be checked via holes in the rear of the magazine.

NOTICE

Risk of material damage due to damaged or fouled cartridges! Damaged or fouled cartridges can damage the weapon and cause malfunctions.

> Do not use damaged or fouled cartridges.

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from an overfilled magazine! An overfilled magazine can lead to malfunctions.

> Only fill the magazine with the permissible number of cartridges.

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from keeping a magazine filled for long periods! Keeping a magazine filled for long periods can result in damage to the magazine spring and cause malfunctions.

> Empty the magazine before placing the weapon and magazine in storage.

7.12.1 Fill magazine without a loading aid

- 1. Grasp the magazine.
- 2. Push cartridge under the magazine lips (*Fig. 40*).
- 3. Push cartridge to the rear as far as it will go (*Fig. 40*).
- 4. Repeat steps 2. 3. until the magazine is full.



Fig. 40: Fill the magazine

7.12.2 Fill magazine with a loading aid



The loading aid is not included in the standard scope of supply for the weapon. The loading aid can be ordered from Heckler & Koch using the Ident.-No. shown.

- 1. Place loading aid on magazine (*Fig. 41*).
- 2. Press loading aid downwards and hold it (*Fig. 42*).
- 3. Push cartridge base forwards under the magazine lips (*Fig. 42*).
- 4. Lift loading aid (*Fig. 43*).
- 5. Push cartridge all the way to the rear (*Fig. 43*).
- 6. Repeat steps 2. 5. until the magazine is filled.



Fig. 41: Place loading aid on magazine

- 1 Loading aid (Ident.-No. 217830)
- 2 Magazine



Fig. 42: Pushing cartridge under the magazine lips



Fig. 43: Pushing cartridge to the rear

7.13 Prepare weapon for firing

Required auxiliary materials:

- Cleaning kit
- 1. ► Disassemble weapon.
- 2. Screw handle rod, extension rod(s) and pull-through holder together.
- 3. Insert clean cleaning pull-throughs in pull-through holder.

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from incorrect cleaning direction!

Cleaning the barrel from the muzzle end may damage the muzzle. A damaged muzzle will decrease the weapon's accuracy.

- > Always clean the barrel starting from the chamber end.
- 4. Pull clean cleaning pull-throughs through barrel several times until barrel is free of oil and foreign bodies.
- 5. Visually check weapon for damage.
- 6. ► Assemble the weapon.
- 7. ► Carry out a function check.



7.14 Additional preparations in unusual climatic conditions



The following environmental effects require additional measures to maintain operability:

- Extreme dryness and heavy dust formation
- Extreme heat
- Moisture and mud
- Saltwater and salty air
- Extreme cold (under -25°C) and snow

7.14.1 Extreme dryness and heavy dust formation

- > Test the free movement of all moving parts of the weapon. Clean and oil if stiff.
- > Lubricate the weapon more heavily in case of extreme dryness or heavy dust concentration.
- > Protect magazine from dust (sealable magazine pouch).
- > Store ammunition in dust-tight containers.
- > Do not oil ammunition. Remove dirt and dust particles before use.

7.14.2 Extreme heat

- > Lubricate the weapon more heavily at temperatures over +63°C.
- > Only touch metal parts with gloves (danger of burns).
- > Protect ammunition from direct sunlight and heat.

7.14.3 Moisture and mud

- > Lubricate weapon more heavily.
- > Protect weapon from moisture and mud.
- > After contact with mud, wash the weapon off with fresh water, dry it and lubricate it.



7.14.4 Saltwater and salty air



Make sure that steel parts without protective coating are lubricated.

- > In case of salty air and saltwater, lubricate all moving parts of the weapon with low-temperature oil.
- > After contact with saltwater or salt spray, wash the weapon off with fresh water, dry it and lubricate it.
- > Store the weapon in a dry container so that it is protected from saltwater and salty air.

7.14.5 Extreme cold (under -25°C) and snow



In cold conditions, freezing condensation can compromise the functional reliability of the weapon. To prevent the formation of condensation, do not bring the weapon from cold conditions into warm conditions and shortly thereafter again into cold conditions.

- > At temperatures below -25°C, lubricate all moving parts with low-temperature oil.
- > Only touch metal parts with gloves (danger of frostbite).
- > Before loading, carry out a function check and ensure that the moving parts move freely.
- > Thaw frozen parts of the weapon and ice in the barrel with heated low-temperature oil.
- > Store the weapon in dry, unheated rooms.

8 Operation

8.1 Insert magazine

- 1. Fill magazine.
- 2. Insert filled magazine into the weapon until the magazine catch engages.

8.2 Load weapon

WARNING

Risk of injury from accidental discharge of weapon! A loaded weapon is always a potential source of danger.

- > Load the weapon only immediately before firing.
- > Unload the weapon immediately after firing.
- 1. ► Insert magazine.
- 2. Pull slide all the way back and let it snap forwards. The weapon has a round in the chamber.



After the weapon is loaded the firing pin is cocked.



8.3 Firing position and aiming

8.3.1 Firing position



The two-handed grip is the most stable firing position and offers the prospect of the best possible hit results.

A WARNING

Risk of injury when the slide snaps back!

During firing, the slide can cause serious injuries, especially to hands and fingers.

> Keep your hands out of the path of the slide when firing.



Fig. 44: Two-handed grip



Fig. 45: Path of the slide



8.3.2 Aim

• Correct aiming



• Aiming errors

Shooting left	Shooting right	
Shooting high	Shooting low	
Shooting low and left	Shooting low and right	
XOOX	×	

8.4 Firing



Follow \blacktriangleright Safety instructions for firing.

- 1. Prepare weapon for firing.
- 2. ► Load the weapon.
- 3. Take up firing position.
- 4. ► Aim.
- 5. For variants with safety lever, click safety lever to the "F" position.

A WARNING

Risk of injury when the slide snaps back!

During firing, the slide can cause serious injuries, especially to hands and fingers.

- > Keep your hands out of the path of the slide when firing.
- 6. Pull trigger. A cartridge is fired.
- 7. For variants with safety lever, click safety lever to the "S" position.

8.5 Remove magazine

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from dropping the magazine!

Dropping a magazine can damage the magazine lips and cause malfunctions.

- > Remove the magazine by hand.
- > Avoid impacts on the magazine lips.
- 1. Hold your hand under the magazine.
- 2. Press magazine catch (*Fig. 46*).
- 3. Remove magazine (*Fig. 46*).



Fig. 46: Remove magazine

8.6 Reload weapon

Risk of injury from accidental discharge of weapon! A loaded weapon is always a potential source of danger.

- > Load the weapon only immediately before firing.
- > Unload the weapon immediately after firing.



After the last cartridge in the magazine is fired, the slide release holds the slide in the open position.

- 1. Remove the magazine.
- 2. ► Load the weapon.

8.7 Unload weapon

1. ► Remove the magazine.

Risk of injury from igniting the cartridges! Impacts to the primer can ignite the cartridge.

- > Only unload the weapon over a soft surface.
- > Prevent any impacts to the primer.
- > Prevent cartridges from falling.
- 2. ► Lock slide. A cartridge is ejected.
- 3. Look into the chamber. There must not be a cartridge in the chamber. If there is a cartridge in the chamber, then a fault is present. ► Faults: Causes and remedies.
- 4. ► Let slide snap forwards.

8.8 Empty the magazine

Risk of injury from igniting the cartridges! Impacts to the primer can ignite the cartridge.

- > Push the cartridges into your hand when you empty the magazine.
- > Prevent any impacts to the primer.
- > Prevent cartridges from falling.
- > Push cartridges forwards out of magazine (*Fig. 47*).



Fig. 47: Empty the magazine

9 Cleaning

9.1 General instructions for cleaning



Regular cleaning and care of the weapon and accessories

- maintain functional reliability,
- increase service life,
- prevent accidents, and
- save repair costs and time.

Clean weapon each time it is fired and at intervals of 1000 rounds.

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from the use of excessive force!

The use of excessive force during cleaning can damage the weapon.

> Do not use excessive force when cleaning the weapon.

9.2 Disassemble weapon



The disassembly safety mechanism prevents a cartridge from being in the chamber while the weapon is being disassembled. The disassembly lever is blocked by the magazine and slide. The disassembly lever cannot be operated until the magazine is removed and the slide is locked. Removing the magazine ensures that a cartridge cannot be fed into the chamber. If there is a cartridge in the chamber, the cartridge will be ejected when the slide is pulled back. Consequently there can be no round in the chamber when the weapon is disassembled into assembly groups. The firing pin is not cocked when the slide is being disassembled and the trigger must not be pulled.

WARNING

Risk of injury from improperly assembled weapon!

Improper assembly can compromise the safety and functioning of the weapon.

- > Only disassemble the weapon to the extent described in this manual.
- 1. Carry out a safety check.
- 2. ► Lock slide.

A CAUTION

Risk of injury when the slide snaps forwards!

The slide snaps forwards when slide release is pushed.

- > Do not reach into the path of the slide.
- 3. Turn disassembly lever clockwise as far as it will go (*Fig. 48*).
- 4. Pull slide back and hold it (*Fig. 49*).
- 5. Move slide forwards slowly and push it from frame (*Fig. 49*).
- 6. Remove recoil spring from slide (*Fig. 50*).
- 7. Lift barrel, push forwards and remove from slide to the rear.



Fig. 48: Turning the disassembly lever



Fig. 49: Pushing slide from frame



Fig. 50: Removing the recoil spring

9.3 Clean weapon

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from incorrect cleaning agents and care products! Incorrect cleaning agents and care products can damage the weapon.

- > When cleaning the weapon, use the specified cleaning agents.
- > Do not use any metallic objects, plastic (nylon, perlon etc.) or chemical cleaning agents (benzine, tetrachlorethylene, trichlor, etc.) to clean the weapon.
- 1. ► Disassemble weapon.
- 2. ► Clean assembly groups.
- 3. ► Clean slide.
- 4. ► Clean barrel.
- 5. ► Lubricate weapon.
- 6. ► Assemble the weapon.

9.3.1 Clean assembly groups

Required auxiliary materials:

- Cleaning rag
- 1. Clean fouled parts and surfaces using cleaning rag.
- 2. Clean frame and slide using cleaning rag.
- 3. Clean magazine well, magazine and follower using cleaning rag.
- 4. Visually check weapon for damage.



9.3.2 Clean barrel

Required auxiliary materials:

- Oil
- Cleaning pull-throughs
- Cleaning kit

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from incorrect cleaning direction!

Cleaning the barrel from the muzzle end may damage the muzzle. A damaged muzzle will decrease the weapon's accuracy.

- > Always clean the barrel starting from the chamber end.
- Screw handle rod, extension rod(s) and barrel cleaning brush together.
- 2. Pull lubricated barrel cleaning brush through the barrel several times.
- 3. Replace barrel cleaning brush with pull-through holder.
- 4. Insert clean cleaning pull-throughs in pull-through holder.
- 5. Pull clean cleaning pull-throughs through barrel several times until barrel is free of oil and foreign bodies.
- 6. Replace cleaning pull-through with oil brush.
- 7. Pull lubricated oil brush through barrel.



Fig. 51: Clean barrel

- 1 Handle rod
- 2 Extension rod
- 3 Barrel cleaning brush
- 4 Pull-through holder
- 5 Oil brush

9.3.3 Clean slide

Required auxiliary materials:

- Oil bottle
- Cleaning rag



Depending on the ammunition type, the primer sealant may deposit in the firing pin bore. If the firing pin bore is heavily fouled, the cartridge will not ignite.

- 1. Place oil bottle on cleaning aperture.
- 2. Flush firing pin bore with oil until it is free of sealant (*Fig. 52*).
- 3. Remove excess oil with cleaning rag.



Fig. 52: Flush firing pin bore with oil

1 Cleaning aperture
9.3.4 Clean in ultrasonic bath

NOTICE

Risk of material damage caused by unsuitable settings and cleaning agents! The paint on some parts may loosen off during cleaning the weapon in an ultrasonic bath. The weapon's functionality is not impaired by this.

- > Do not use any chemical cleaning agents (benzine, tetrachlorethylene, trichlor, etc.) to clean the weapon.
- > Use the specified parameters, settings and cleaning agents for cleaning in an ultrasonic bath.



Lubricate the weapon completely with oil after cleaning in an ultrasonic bath.

Clean in ultrasonic bath	
Cleaning frequency:	35 kHz
Water bath temperature:	50 - 70 °C
Cleaning time in ultrasonic bath:	10 - 15 min
Cleaning agent:	Customary washing up liquid

9.3.5 Lubricate weapon

Required auxiliary materials:

- Oil
- 1. Lubricate cleaned metal parts thinly.
- 2. Lubricate inside of slide, especially guideways.
- 3. Lubricate outer bearing surface of barrel.
- 4. Lubricate the recoil spring guide rod.
- 5. Lubricate guide-rails on frame.
- 6. Clean magazine and follower using cleaning rag.

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from lubricated cartridges!

Lubricated cartridges result in increased loads on components and can damage the weapon.

- > Do not lubricate the inside of the magazine.
- 7. Lubricate outside of steel magazine thinly.



Fig. 53: Lubrication points

- 1 Guideways on the slide
- 2 Outer bearing surface of the barrel
- 3 Recoil spring guide rod
- 4 Guide-rails on frame

9.4 Assemble weapon

- 1. Place barrel into slide.
- 2. Push barrel to the rear until the barrel locks with the slide.

0

Note mounting position of recoil spring.

- 3. Insert recoil spring into slide (*Fig. 54*).
- 4. Rest recoil spring against barrel control surface (*Fig. 55*).
- 5. Place slide onto frame from above and push over the guide-rails of the frame (*Fig. 56*).



Fig. 54: Mounting position of recoil spring



Fig. 55: Rest recoil spring

1 Pressure bolt



Fig. 56: Push slide over guide-rails

- 6. ► Lock slide.
- 7. Turn disassembly lever anticlockwise as far as it will go (*Fig. 57*).
- 8. Carry out a function check.



Fig. 57: Turning the disassembly lever anticlockwise



10 Faults: Causes and remedies



Users are strictly prohibited from troubleshooting faults that go beyond the scope of this manual! Only authorised specialists may rectify faults in the weapon.

WARNING

Safety risk from not knowing whether or not the weapon is loaded!

In the event of a fault, the weapon may be loaded even if you expect it to be unloaded.

- > In the event of a fault, treat the weapon as if it were loaded.
- > In the event of a fault, verify whether the weapon is actually loaded.
- > Follow the fundamental safety instructions for troubleshooting.

The following points do not constitute a complete list of all the possible faults. Causes other than those named here are also possible.

Fault	Cause	Remedy
Bullet is stuck in the barrel.	Defective ammunition	Send weapon in for repair.
Firing pin is not re- leased.	Shaped spring for trigger bar is defect.	Send weapon in for repair.
Cartridge has not ig- nited.	Firing pin bore in slide is soiled.	► Clean bolt group.
	Defective ammunition	Wait at least one minute. ► Un- loading the weapon. Do not re- use cartridges that have failed to fire.
	Firing pin sluggish, damaged or broken.	Send weapon in for repair.
	Main spring sluggish, damaged or broken.	
Bolt group does not open after firing.	Cartridge case deformed or chamber fouled.	► Unloading the weapon. Replace barrel if necessary. ►
	Defective ammunition	Cleaning the weapon. Send weapon in for repair if neces- sary.

Fault	Cause	Remedy
Cartridge or cart-	Rearward movement of bolt	Check firing position.
ridge case is not ejected.	group too short.	► Unloading the weapon. ► Cleaning the weapon. ► Carry out function check.
	Defective ammunition	Use different cartridge. Do not re-use cartridge.
	Extractor, pressure spring for extractor and ejector damaged.	Send weapon in for repair.
Cartridge is not loaded into the	Chamber fouled.	► Unload weapon. ► Clean weapon.
chamber.	Cartridge deformed.	Use different cartridge.
	Recoil spring defective.	Send weapon in for repair.
Cartridge does not feed.	Magazine not correctly inser- ted.	Insert magazine correctly.
	Magazine spring defective.	Send magazine in for repair.
	Magazine or magazine lips damaged.	Use different magazine.
	Rearward movement of bolt group too short.	 ► Unloading the weapon. ► Carry out function check. Replace barrel if necessary. ► Cleaning the weapon. Send weapon in for repair if necessary.
Bolt does not stay	Magazine spring defective.	Send magazine in for repair.
in open position after last round.	Rearward movement of bolt group too short.	 ► Unloading the weapon. ► Carry out function check. Replace barrel if necessary. ► Cleaning the weapon. Send weapon in for repair if necessary.
	Slide release damaged.	Send weapon in for repair.
	Defective ammunition	Use different cartridge.
	Shaped spring for slide release defective.	Send weapon in for repair.



Fault	Cause	Remedy
Position of the im- pact point shifted laterally.	Sights shifted.	► Adjust the sights. Send weapon in for repair if neces- sary.
	Other type of ammunition.	Use another type of ammuni- tion or send weapon in for re- pair.
Position of the im-	Front sight damaged.	Send weapon in for repair.
pact point shifted laterally.	Other type of ammunition.	Use another type of ammuni- tion or send weapon in for re- pair.



11 Protection, packaging and storage



Protection guards the weapon against external influences and maintains its functional reliability even if it is not used for long periods. Whenever the weapon is expected to be stored for more than 6 months, the weapon must be protected.

If the weapon is not expected to be stored for more than 6 months, it is sufficient to clean the weapon.

11.1 Protect the weapon

Required auxiliary materials:

- Grease
- Oil paper
- 1. ► Clean the weapon.
- 2. Seal both ends of the barrel with grease.
- 3. Wrap weapon in oil paper.

11.2 Package the weapon

- 1. ► Unload weapon.
- 2. ► Empty the magazine.
- 3. Package the weapon in appropriate transport container.



11.3 Store the weapon



Store the weapon and ammunition separately.

- 1. Follow applicable regulations for the storage of weapons and ammunition.
- 2. If the weapon is not expected to be stored for more than 6 months, it will suffice to clean the weapon. ► Clean weapon.
- 3. If the weapon is expected to be stored for more than 6 months, the weapon must be protected. ► Protect the weapon.
- 4. ► Package the weapon.
- 5. Store the weapon in an enclosed, weather resistant room.

Risk of accidents caused by unauthorised persons!

Unauthorised persons who have no experience with weapons can cause accidents.

- > Be sure to prevent access to the weapon and ammunition by unauthorised persons, especially children.
- 6. Protect rooms where weapons are stored against break-in and fire.
- 7. If the weapon is to be stored for longer than 1 year, check the grease seal on the barrel and the oil film on the metal parts on an annual basis.



12 Transport and shipping

12.1 Prepare the weapon for transport

- 1. Package the weapon.
- 2. Secure weapon in vehicle.

NOTICE

Risk of material damage from vibrations! Vibrations during transport can damage the weapon.

- During transport, secure the transport container against slipping and damage from outside influences.
- > Avoid impacts and vibration of the weapon.

12.2 Transport and ship the weapon



Transport and ship weapon and ammunition separately.

 Follow the applicable regulations on the transport and shipping of weapons and ammunition.

13 Destruction and disposal

13.1 Destroy the weapon

> Follow the applicable regulations on the destruction of weapons and ammunition.

13.2 Dispose of the weapon

> Follow the applicable regulations on the disposal of weapons and ammunition.



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PISTOL	SFP9-TR	SFP9-SF	SFP40
Calibre	9 mn	n x 19	.40 S&W
Operating principle		Recoil-operated	
Locking system	Mo	dified Browning locking sys	tem
Trigger system		Single Action (SA)	
Magazine capacity	15 rc	ounds	13 rounds
Trigger pull	30 N - 35 N	20 N - 25 N	20 N - 25 N
Trigger travel	11 mm 5 mm ₁	6 mm 3 mm ₁	6 mm 3 mm ₁
Muzzle velocity -v ₀ -	360 m/s ₂	415 m/s ₃	295 m/s ₄
Muzzle energy -E ₀ -	518 J ₂	525 J ₃	505 J ₄
Barrel profile / twist		Hexagonal / right-hand	

DIMENSIONS	
Length	186 mm
Width	33 mm
Height	138 mm
Barrel length	104 mm
Sight radius	162 mm

WEIGHTS		
Weapon with magazine, empty	710 g	820 g
Magazine, empty	93 g	

 $_{\rm 1}$ For strings of rapid fire, the trigger must not be released to return to the starting position.

 $_{\rm 2}$ RUAG Ammotec (SX) Sintox Standard ammunition, calibre 9 mm x 19

3 Police service cartridge: Action 4, calibre 9 mm x 19

4 Remington UMC 180 gr. ammunition, calibre .40 S&W

TECHNICAL DATA





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